

SIFAT-SIFAT TRANSFORMASI LAPLACE

a. Linearity

Fungsi waktu : C f(t) → C; konstanta

$$\mathcal{L} [C f(t)] = C \mathcal{F}(s)$$

b. Superposisi

A dan b ; konstanta

$$\mathcal{L} [f_1(t)] = F_1(s)$$

$$\mathcal{L} [f_2(t)] = F_2(s)$$

$$\mathcal{L} [a f_1(t) + b f_2(t)] = a F_1(s) + b F_2(s)$$

c. Time Scaling

$$\mathcal{L} [f\left(\frac{t}{a}\right)] = a F(s)$$

d. Differensiasi

1. Di bidang t

Fungsi waktu f(t)

$$\mathcal{L} \left[\frac{d}{dt} f(t) \right] = s F(s) - f(0)$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{Bukti : } \mathcal{L} \left[\frac{d}{dt} f(t) \right] &= \int_0^{\infty} \frac{d}{dt} f(t) e^{-st} dt \\
 &= \int_0^{\infty} e^{-st} d f(t) \rightarrow \text{dengan integrasi parsial} \\
 &= e^{-st} f(t) \Big|_0^{\infty} - \int_0^{\infty} f(t) (-s) e^{-st} dt
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{L} \left[-\frac{d}{dt} f(t) \right] &= -f(0) + s \int_0^{\infty} f(t) e^{-st} dt \\ &= s F(s) - f(0)\end{aligned}$$

2. Di bidang s

$$F(s) = \mathcal{L} f(t)$$

$$\boxed{\frac{d}{dt} F(s) = -\mathcal{L} [t f(t)]}$$

Bukti :

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{d}{ds} F(s) &= \frac{d}{ds} \int_0^{\infty} f(t) e^{-st} dt \\ &= \int_0^{\infty} f(t) \frac{d}{ds} e^{-st} dt \\ &= \int_0^{\infty} f(t) (-t) e^{-st} dt. \\ &= - \int_0^{\infty} t f(t) e^{-st} dt. \\ &= -\mathcal{L} [t f(t)]\end{aligned}$$

e. Integrasi

Di bidang t: $\rightarrow F(s) = \mathcal{L} f(t)$

$$\boxed{\mathcal{L} \left[\int_0^s f(t) dt \right] = \frac{F(s)}{s} - \frac{f(0)}{s}}$$

Bukti :

$$F(s) = \int_0^{\infty} f(t) e^{-st} dt.$$

Berdasarkan integrasi Parsial :

$$\int_0^\infty u \ dv = u v \Big|_0^\infty - \int_0^\infty v \ du$$

$$u = e^{-st} ; \quad v = s f(t) dt$$

$$du = -s e^{-st} dt ; \quad dv = f(t) dt$$

$$F(s) = e^{-st} \int f(t) dt \Big|_0^\infty - \int_0^\infty \int f(t) dt (-s e^{-st} dt)$$

$$F(s) = - \int f(0) dt + s \int_0^\infty \int f(t) dt e^{-st} dt$$

$$= - \int f(0) dt + s \mathcal{L} \left[\int f(t) dt \right]$$

$$\mathcal{L} \left[s \int f(t) dt \right] = \frac{F(s)}{s} - \frac{f(0)}{s} dt$$

Carilah untuk bidang s

Tambahan fungsi differesiasi (bagian d):

$$\mathcal{L} \left[\frac{d}{dt} f(t) \right] = s F(s) - f(0)$$

Dengan cara yang sama dapat dibuktikan:

$$\mathcal{L} \left[\frac{d^2}{dt^2} f(t) \right] = s^2 F(s) - s f(0) - \frac{d}{dt} f(0)$$

Secara Umum:

$$\mathcal{L} \left[\frac{d^n}{dt^n} f(t) \right] = s^n F(s) - s^{n-1} f(0) - s^{n-2} f'(0) - s^{n-3} f''(0) - \dots - \frac{d^{n-1}}{dt^{n-1}} f(0)$$

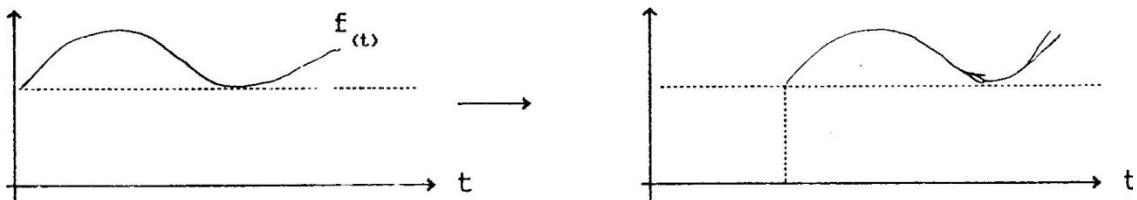
f. Translasi :

1. Dibidang t : $f(t) = f(t) \cdot \mu(t)$

$$f(t-\alpha) = f(t-\alpha) \cdot \mu(t-\alpha)$$

$\mu(t)$ = unit step function

$$\mathcal{L} \left[f(t-\alpha) \right] = \mathcal{L} \left[f(t-\alpha) \cdot \mu(t-\alpha) \right] = e^{-\alpha s} F(s)$$



Bukti :

$$\begin{aligned} F(s) &= \int_0^{\infty} f(t) e^{-st} dt. \\ &= \int_0^{\infty} f(\sigma) e^{-s\sigma} dt \quad \longrightarrow \sigma = t-a \\ &= \int_0^{\infty} f(t-a) e^{-s(t-a)} dt. \\ &= e^{as} \int_0^{\infty} f(t-a) \mu(t-a) e^{-st} dt. \\ \text{Jadi } \mathcal{L} \left[f(t-a) \cdot \mu(t-a) \right] &= e^{-as} F(s) \end{aligned}$$

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